

Orchestra BioMed AVIM Therapy R&D DAY

June 11, 2024

Bringing medical inn \mathcal{O} vation to life

Forward-Looking Statements

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Agenda and Speakers

Agenda

- Introduction and Orchestra BioMed Overview, David Hochman
- Unmet Hypertension Treatment Need in Older High-Risk Patients, David Kandzari, M.D.
- Evidence Supporting AVIM Therapy Mechanism of Action, Vivek Reddy, M.D.
- Clinical Data from the MODERATO I and II Studies, Vivek Reddy, M.D.
- Rationale and Design of the BACKBEAT Global Pivotal Study, David Kandzari, M.D.
- Closing Remarks and Q&A, David Hochman





Presenters



David Hochman CEO, Chairman, Founder Orchestra BioMed

David Kandzari, M.D. BACKBEAT Study Co-PI, **Piedmont Heart Institute**

Q&A

Vivek Reddy, M.D. BACKBEAT Study Advisor, Mount Sinai Hospital



Darren Sherman COO, President, Founder Orchestra BioMed



Avi Fischer, M.D. SVP, Medical Affairs and Innovation Orchestra BioMed



Orchestra BioMed Overview

David Hochman

Chief Executive Officer, Founder Chairman, Orchestra BioMed





Orchestra BioMed Executive Overview

Partnership-enabled business model designed to: Accelerate innovation to patients & yield exceptional future profitability

Lead Program

Atrioventricular Interval Modulation (AVIM) Therapy

- Targets >\$10B annual hypertension markets
- Statistically significant efficacy data from double-blind, randomized pilot study
- BACKBEAT global pivotal study now enrolling

Strategic collaboration Mectronic

Double-digit revenue share



Pipeline Program

Virtue[®] Sirolimus AngioInfusion Balloon (SAB)

- Targets >\$4B annual artery disease markets
- Strong 3-year multi-center pilot study efficacy data
- Conditional IDE approved for coronary pivotal study

Strategic collaboration

TERUMO Double-digit revenue share





Orchestra BioMed's Partnership-Enabled Model Benefits All

Orchestra BioMed Development

Secure substantial long-term royalties

Outsource commercialization

Enable multiple pipeline opportunities

Shared Benefits Innovation

 $(\mathbf{+})$

Improve patient lives

Accelerate development

Leverage expertise & resources

Strategic Partners *Commercialization*

Enable new growth opportunities

Outsource development

Minimize P&L dilution





A Renaissance is Happening Now...

Renaissance (n):

A revival or renewed interest in something; learning from the past to create something better for the future

/ Art

- Architecture
- Science
- Music
- Device innovation?



The Renaissance of Orchestra

orchḗstra

Ancient Greece: the circular space in front of the stage where *the chorus performed*



Orchestra

Renaissance Italy: a group of musicians performing a composition with pre-specified instrumentation



The chorus in Classical Greek drama was a group of actors who described and commented upon the main action of a play with song, dance, and recitation

Claudio Monteverdi (1567-1643) *The "Father" of the Symphony Orchestra*

In order for his music to be replicated *exactly* as he composed it; he required it be played with specific instrumentation:

15 viols of different sizes; 2 violins; 4 flutes, 2 large and 2 medium; 2 oboes, 2 cornetts, 4 trumpets, 5 trombones, a harp, 2 harpsichords, and 3 small organs.

"In the history of Western musical tradition, the evolution of **symphony orchestra** to its modern form can be seen as an apotheosis of instrumental music."

An Orchestra Succeeds Through Collaboration

What more miraculous creation of mankind is there than the symphony orchestra — a hundred musicians **collaborating flawlessly** in the creation of a single sonority from moment to moment... We tend to take for granted the skill and sensitivity of such a performing organism, and **we should take time to marvel afresh that such a joint effort is possible for human beings, so rich in communication, beauty and meaning.**

Klaus George Roy

Orchestra BioMed

The Current Renaissance in Cardiac Pacing and Balloon Angioplasty

Our large, established target markets, built on foundational technologies introduced 50+ years ago, are experiencing a *RENAISSANCE*, enhancing the opportunity for our innovative technologies

AVIM Therapy

- 1st pacemaker implanted in
 1958 by Senning
- Leadless and conduction system pacing opening potential for expanded clinical use
- AVIM therapy driving potential use of pacemakers for treatment of hypertension and possible expanded indications

Virtue[®] SAB

- 1st balloon angioplasty performed in 1977 by Grüntzig
- Drug-coated angioplasty balloons are becoming the preferred treatment for artery disease
- Virtue SAB expands the paradigm as the only non-coated angioplasty balloon that delivers extendedrelease sirolimus (SirolimusEFR)

Existing Body of Clinical Data Supporting Efficacy and Safety

AVIM Therapy Strategic Collaboration with Medtronic

- Developed BackBeat CNT (AVIM therapy) from concept stage; owns all related IP
- Conducted all prior development and the MODERATO I & II clinical studies
- Partnered with Medtronic for global regulatory approval and commercialization
- Sponsor for the BACKBEAT Global Pivotal Study
- \$500 \$1,600 revenue share per AVIM-enabled device assuming existing reimbursement structures¹

Medtronic

- Global market leader in cardiac pacing therapy: >\$1.5B in annual revenues
- Pivotal trial utilizing premium commercial devices
- Providing clinical & regulatory resources
- Exclusive global commercial rights for AVIM therapy in pacemaker-indicated patients with HTN
- Right of first negotiation to expand global rights for the treatment of non-pacemaker patients with HTN
- **\$50M equity investment** in Orchestra BioMed

¹ Amount is based on higher of (1) a fixed dollar amount per device (amount varies materially on a country-by-county basis) or (2) a percentage of sales.

Large Global Opportunity for Treating Hypertension in Target Populations

Similar demographics to pacemaker patients, high-risk, difficult-to-treat

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structures

*Total addressable market in 2025 based on company estimates; ¹Company estimates based on published sources, including National Inpatient Survey (NIS) and National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES); Definition: Hypertension (HTN)

The Unmet Treatment Need for Hypertension in Older High-Risk Patients

David Kandzari, M.D., FACC, FSCAI Chief, Piedmont Heart Institute and Cardiovascular Services Chief Scientific Officer, Piedmont Healthcare Director, Interventional Cardiology, Piedmont Heart Institute Co-principal investigator of the BACKBEAT Study

Hypertension is a Common and Serious Global Health Problem¹

Hypertension (HTN) is the **leading risk factor for death globally**, and a significant portion of U.S. adults with HTN remain uncontrolled

~120 million (48%) of U.S. adults have HTN

~25 million (21%) are prescribed only lifestyle modification

~95 million (79%) are prescribed lifestyle modification and medication

~93 million (78%) remain uncontrolled

¹Hypertension Cascade: Hypertension Prevalence, Treatment and Control Estimates Among US Adults Aged 18 Years and Older Applying the Criteria From the American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association's 2017 Hypertension Guideline—NHANES 2017–2020. CDC. May 12, 2023. https://millionhearts.hhs.gov/data-reports/hypertension-prevalence.html.

Modest Reductions in Blood Pressure (BP) Have Significant Clinical Benefit

Reductions as low as 5mmHg in office systolic blood pressure (oSBP) substantially decrease the Relative Risk (%) of common cardiovascular conditions

¹ Blood Pressure Lowering Treatment Trialists' Collaboration. *Lancet*. 2021;397(10285):1625-36. ²Ettehad D, et al. *Lancet*. 2016;387(10022):957-67.

Challenges with Pharmacotherapy for Hypertension

While pharmacologic therapy is often effective, many patients experience insufficient BP control¹

Patient compliance is particularly difficult in HTN

- HTN is the "silent killer," and most patients are asymptomatic
- Medications often have significant side effects that feel worse than the disease itself
- ~50% of patients adhere to prescribed medications

Many pharmacotherapies provide insufficient BP control

- > 40% of HTN patients remain uncontrolled despite pharmacotherapy
- Isolated systolic hypertension (ISH), emerges as the predominant form of HTN as patients age

The Nature of Hypertension Changes with Age

Due to arterial stiffening, older patients have higher prevalence of ISH leading to substantially greater risk of CV complications (CAD, CHF, stroke, mortality)¹

¹Lilly L, 2021, Wolters Kluwer; Franklin SS, *J Clin Hypertens*. 2006;8:444-449; *Definitions*: NHANES: National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey; CAD: Coronary Artery Disease; CHF: Coronary Heart Failure

Older Patients with Hypertension Frequently Have Significant Comorbidities¹

¹Company estimates based on published sources; **Definitions**: Acute coronary syndrome (ACS); myocardial infarction (MI); transcatheter aortic valve replacement (TAVR); coronary artery disease (CAD); peripheral artery disease (PAD); atrial fibrillation (Afib)

Hypertensive Patients with Pacemakers: An Older, Higher Risk Population in Need of Better Treatment Options¹

Compelling Opportunity to Evaluate AVIM Therapy

BACKBEAT IDE Pivotal study: currently enrolling

- Evaluating a novel investigational hypertension therapy that takes advantage of existing pacemaker
- Same device implant and treating physicians
- No additional daily compliance requirements for patients

Pilot study data show AVIM therapy drives robust reduction in 24-hr aSBP in high-risk patient population with high rates of ISH, HFpEF, and other comorbidities

Evidence in Support of AVIM Therapy Mechanism of Action

Vivek Reddy, M.D.

Director, Cardiac Arrhythmia Services at Mount Sinai Hospital Director, Electrophysiology at Mount Sinai Health System Professor of Medicine, The Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai BACKBEAT Study Clinical Steering Committee Member

AVIM Therapy Summary*

- Programmable and adjustable device-based HTN therapy designed to be delivered via dual-chamber pacemaker
 - Integrated for use with Medtronic Astra[™] or Azure[™] MRI-compatible pacemakers
 - Leverages previously completed or already indicated procedure
 - Can be activated, adjusted or deactivated, as needed
- Compatible with conduction system pacing (CSP) or right ventricular (RV) lead placement
- Data from previous preliminary clinical studies demonstrate an immediate, substantial, & persistent effect in reducing blood pressure

Novel AVIM Therapy Mechanism of Action Designed to Substantially and Persistently Reduce Blood Pressure

- AVIM therapy uses a dual-chamber pacemaker to deliver programmed sequences of short AV intervals interspersed with longer AV intervals designed to reduce blood pressure by:
 - Reducing cardiac preload
 - Modulating autonomic nervous system (ANS) response
 - Reducing afterload
- Designed to utilize well characterized physiologic mechanisms, including the Frank-Starling law, to improve circulatory hemodynamics:
 - Reduced intra-cardiac volumes and pressures
 - Improved cardiovascular efficiency
 - No adverse impact on contractility
- Compatible with conduction system pacing (CSP) lead placements or traditional pacing lead locations

Emerging Role of Conduction System Pacing in Cardiac Pacing Therapy

- Cardiac rhythm market rapidly adopting CSP via left bundle branch area pacing (LBBAP)
- LBBAP is a pacing approach that taps into the heart's natural electrical system, helping ensure pacing closely mimics physiologic contractions, allowing the ventricles to work in coordination
- Clinical data demonstrate AVIM compatibility with CSP

Invasive Pressure Volume (PV) Loop Study Shows Favorable Acute Hemodynamics from AVIM Therapy¹

- N = 16 subjects indicated for a pacemaker with uncontrolled hypertension despite medical therapy
- Paired data (baseline vs. AV Sequential pacing or baseline vs. AVIM) reported

Data on file with Orchestra BioMed. ¹Kuck, Hemodynamics Effects of AVIM Therapy, THT'24. **Definitions**: EDV (end-diastolic volume), ESV (end-systolic volume), LVP (left ventricular pressure).

AVIM Therapy Reduces Systolic Blood Pressure¹

Significant reduction in SBP with AVIM therapy and **no significant difference between right ventricular (RV) and conduction system pacing (CSP)** lead placement

*P < 0.05 (compared to baseline); no significant difference between AVIM RV & AVIM CSP

AVIM Therapy has a Favorable Impact on Cardiac Hemodynamics¹

Significant reductions in EDV, P_{ED} & ESV

AVIM Therapy has a Favorable Impact on Cardiac Hemodynamics¹

Reduction in total peripheral resistance (Ea) & no change in contractility (Ees)

*P < 0.05 (compared to baseline); no significant difference between AVIM RV & AVIM CSP

N=16

AVIM Therapy has a Favorable Impact on Cardiac Hemodynamics¹

Significant reduction in stroke work (SW) without significant reduction in stroke volume (SV)

Change in SV

N=16

*P < 0.05 (compared to baseline); no significant difference between AVIM RV & AVIM CSP

AVIM Mechanism of Action Highlights

AVIM therapy is designed to use a dualchamber pacemaker to deliver programmed sequences of short AV intervals interspersed with longer AV intervals to reduce blood pressure

Preliminary data support the mechanism of action and demonstrated a favorable impact of AVIM therapy on cardiac hemodynamics, independent of RV pacing lead location

Clinical Data

MODERATO I & II Pilot Studies

Vivek Reddy, M.D.

Director, Cardiac Arrhythmia Services at Mount Sinai Hospital Director, Electrophysiology at Mount Sinai Health System Professor of Medicine, The Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai BACKBEAT study Clinical Steering Committee Member

MODERATO I Study Design & Results

Prospective, single-arm study of 27 patients with persistent hypertension (office systolic blood pressure (oSBP) > 150mmHg) despite 2 or more anti-hypertensive medications & an indication for pacemaker

- 1-month run-in to account for Hawthorne effect, followed by 3 months activation -
- Primary safety & efficacy assessed at 3 months post AVIM therapy activation; follow-up through 2 years^{1,2}

Significant Reduction in oSBP Through 24 Months

¹Neuzil et al. Journal of the Am Heart Assoc. 2017;6:e006974. https://doi.org/10.1161/JAHA.117.006974. ²Burkhoff MODERATO I Study 2-Year Results TCT 2018. ³Compared to pre-activation. ⁴aSBP (n=160 at pre-activation. ⁵AVIM (n=21) continued after completion of study at 3 months to be followed for 2 years. *Definitions:*, aSBP (Ambulatory Systolic Blood Pressure).

MODERATO I: Safety Data at 24 Months

Significant Reduction in End-Diastolic Volume & Heart Rate with No Significant Change in Ejection Fraction (EF)¹

MODERATO II Study Design¹

Prospective, multi-center, double-blind study investigating the efficacy of AVIM therapy in patients with persistent hypertension and an indication for pacemaker

Primary safety & efficacy assessed at 6 months post AVIM activation; continued follow-up to 2 years

6 Month Follow-Up Post-Randomization (PR)

MODERATO II: Patient Demographics

No significant differences between groups at baseline

| | Control (n=21) | AVIM Therapy (n=26) | p-value |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------|
| Age | 74.9 ± 8.5 | 73.2± 9.0 | 0.518 |
| Gender | 15 M / 6 F | 15 M / 11F | 0.375 |
| LVEF (%) | 58.4±4.9 | 59.8±6.3 | 0.414 |
| Medical History | | | |
| Diabetes | 9 (42.9%) | 12 (46.2%) | 0.999 |
| Prior Atrial Fibrillation | 6 (28.6%) | 5 (19.2%) | 0.505 |
| Coronary Artery Disease | 9 (42.9%) | 10 (38.5%) | 0.775 |
| Stroke | 0 (0%) | 1 (3.8%) | 0.999 |
| Medications | 3.3±1.4 | 3.3±1.6 | 0.886 |
| Isolated Systolic Hypertension | 71.4% | 88.5% | 0.263 |
| 24-Hr aSBP | 136.3±12.5 | 136.3±9.2 | 0.995 |
| 24-Hr aDBP | 72.6±6.7 | 74.0±6.9 | 0.478 |
| Ambulatory Heart Rate (24-hour) | 68.4±8.5 | 69.6±9.5 | 0.670 |
| oSBP | 154.4±15.5 | 153.1±15.8 | 0.781 |
| oDBP | 81.6±12.4 | 83.0±10.8 | 0.693 |
| Office Heart Rate | 66.5±10.9 | 67.1±12.0 | 0.848 |

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MODERATO II Randomized, Double-Blind Results

AVIM therapy showed encouraging results in MODERATO II, a prospective, multi-center, randomized (AVIM therapy + medical therapy vs. continued medical therapy), controlled, double-blind, pilot study of patients with pacemakers and persistent hypertension

Significant Reduction in 24-Hr aSBP and oSBP^{1,2}

-11.1 mmHg in 24-Hour aSBP at 6 months

0% MACE vs. 14.3% in control group at 6 months

-17.5 mmHg in oSBP at 2 years

85% of patients with reduction in aSBP

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¹Kalaras et al. *Journal of the Am Heart Assoc.* 2021;10:e020492 ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.120.020492; ²Burkhoff MODERATO II Study 2-Year Results TCT 2021; ³24-Hr aSBP Control (n=19),1 control patient could not be measured despite repeat measurement (patient had extremely high blood pressure); **Definitions**: Major Adverse Cardiac Events (MACE) included death, heart failure, clinically significant arrhythmias (i.e., persistent or increased atrial fibrillation, serious ventricular arrhythmias), myocardial infarction, stroke and renal failure in treatment group calculated per patient.

MODERATO II: Significant aSBP Reduction in ISH Patients

7.4 mmHg reduction in aSBP at 6 Months compared to control

Reduction in 24-Hr aSBP in ISH Patients

^o aSBP could not be measured on 1 patient despite repeat measurement (patient had extremely high blood pressure); +13 control had data at 6 months, one died of cancer, and one had unsuccessful recording

MODERATO II: Significant Reduction in 24-hour aSBP¹

Paired average 24-hour aSBP profile after 6 months of AVIM therapy demonstrate reduction in SBP with preservation of normal daily blood pressure variations

MODERATO II: High Overall Response Rate to AVIM Therapy¹

6 Months Post-Randomization

| | AVIM (n=26) | Control (n=19) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Isolated Systolic Hypertension (ISH) | 88.5% | 71.4% |
| % with Reduction in aSBP | 85% | 53% |
| % with > 5 mmHg Reduction in aSBP | 65% | 42% |
| % with > 10 mmHg Reduction in aSBP | 54% | 21% |

MODERATO II: Chronic, Non-Invasive PV Loop Data Show Favorable Effects on Cardiac Remodeling¹

AVIM Therapy affects adverse remodeling

¹Paired data (N=12, N=6); ²6 months of control followed by 6 months of AVIM therapy after crossover (12 months from baseline). **Definition**: ESP (End-Systolic Pressure)

MODERATO II: Long-Term SBP Reduction with AVIM Therapy

AVIM therapy demonstrated sustained, long-term reduction in 24-Hr aSBP

Long-term blood pressure from a follow-up study of 16 patients from MODERATO II*

- 8 AVIM & 8 control patients who crossed-over to AVIM therapy at the end of the 6month double-blind phase of MODERATO II & agreed to be followed long-term
- Each patient had aSBP and oSBP measured at an average of 3.6 years (±0.6) following initiation of AVIM therapy

Significant Reduction in 24-Hr aSBP and oSBP^{1,2,3}

-8.9 mmHg in 24-Hour aSBP from baseline at **3.6 years** (±0.6) -12.5 mmHg in oSBP at 3.6 years (±0.6) 100% of patients with reduction in aSBP at 3.6 years (±0.6)

*Patients were re-consented for long-term follow-up

¹Kalaras et al. Journal of the American Heart Association. 2021;10:e020492 ahajournals.org/doi/10.1161/JAHA.120.020492; ²Burkhoff MODERATO II Study 2-Year Results TCT 2021; ³Fischer MODERATO Study Long-term Results ICI 2024;

AVIM Clinical Results Summary

AVIM therapy resulted in:

- Significant reduction in mean aSBP & oSBP at 6 months, in a group where 88.5% were ISH patients
 - 85% overall response rate to treatment with AVIM therapy
 - 54% experiencing > 10mmHg reduction in aSBP at 6 months
- Significant reduction in oSBP & aSBP maintained through 3.6 years
- Low overall MACE with no difference between groups

Chronic PV loop data support the mechanism of action and demonstrate a **favorable impact of AVIM therapy on cardiac hemodynamics**

Rationale and Design of the BACKBEAT Global Pivotal Study

David Kandzari, M.D., FACC, FSCAI

Chief, Piedmont Heart Institute and Cardiovascular Services Chief Scientific Officer, Piedmont Healthcare Director, Interventional Cardiology, Piedmont Heart Institute Co-principal investigator for the BACKBEAT Study

Novel Design for a Device-Based Therapy

GLOBAL PIVOTAL STUDY

Global, pivotal randomized, controlled, double-blind study in which all patients:

- Receive Medtronic dual-chamber pacemaker implant
- Have the investigational RAMware downloaded to their device
- Undergo follow-up testing with AVIM therapy ON and OFF
- Are managed by a blinded study team

BACKBEAT Study Target Population

Patients Indicated for a Dual-Chamber Pacemaker Who Also Have Uncontrolled Hypertension Despite Use of Antihypertensive Medications

Eligibility: recently received *de novo* implant of a dual-chamber pacemaker system (including leads)

- All patients are indicated for a dual-chamber pacemaker
- Sinus node dysfunction & AV block patients are eligible
- Favorable risk/benefit profile with procedure independent of study
- Workflow & implant technique do not change
 - Leads can be placed in CSP or traditional RV locations

Clinical Steering Committee Members

Definitions: Interv (Interventional)

Approximately 50% of Patients Will be Enrolled Outside of the US

Study will randomize approximately 500 patients across ~80 study sites

Participating countries include:

Belgium

- Spain
- Switzerland Czech Republic
- Germany
- Hungary
- Poland
- / UK
- The Netherlands
- US US

BACKBEAT Study Design

Key Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion

- Recently received a Medtronic Astra/Azure dual chamber pacemaker
- On a stable anti-HTN treatment regimen of 1, 2
 or 3 classes of anti-HTN drugs
- Average 24-Hour aSBP ≥ 130 mmHg and < 170 mmHg

Exclusion

- Presence of conditions that limit effective delivery of AVIM therapy (i.e., permanent or significant atrial fibrillation, severe valvular disease)
- Left ventricular (LV) dysfunction (reduced ejection fraction) and/or symptomatic heart failure (HF)
- Recent cardiovascular procedures, renal denervation, other active implantable devices and significant kidney impairment

Set-Up Procedure Determines Enrollment and Randomization

≥ 5 mmHg reduction is required to proceed to randomization phase

- AVIM RAMware downloaded onto previously implanted pacemaker in all patients
- Response to AVIM therapy activation assessed acutely:
 - Observe blood pressure reduction
 - Determine stability of reduction
 - Optimize therapy parameters for each patient

Double Blind Phase: Primary Endpoints

Primary Efficacy Endpoint:

Between group difference in the change of mean 24-hour ambulatory systolic blood pressure (aSBP) at 3 months postrandomization

- aSBP is the gold-standard measurement of blood pressure
- 3 months is the standard duration to demonstrate efficacy in HTN studies
- Balances time needed to demonstrate efficacy with ability to maintain medication regimens

Primary Safety Endpoint

Freedom from unanticipated serious adverse device events at 3 months post-randomization

- Potential complications of pacemaker implant & follow-up are well-established
- Aims to identify unique & unexpected adverse events directly related to AVIM therapy (treatment group only)

Double-Blind Follow-up Through 12-Months to Collect Additional Data

Hypertension

Between-group difference in:

- Mean Change of 24-hour aSBP immediately after randomization
- Mean change in 24-hour ambulatory pulse pressure (aPP)
- Mean reduction of oSBP at 3 months post-randomization

Adverse Events

Between group comparison:

- Freedom from the composite cardiovascular adverse events (CCAE) rate 12 months post-randomization
 - Including mortality, stroke, MI, HF, AFib, HTN crisis, decline in eGFR

Medications

Between group comparison:

- Reduction in antihypertensive medication burden at 3-months
 - Medication dose, number, and/or class

Key Takeaways and Q&A

Key Takeaways

- Hypertension is the leading risk factor for death & most common comorbidity in patients with pacemakers globally
- AVIM therapy is an investigational, programmable & adjustable treatment developed by Orchestra BioMed
- AVIM therapy is designed to have an immediate, substantial, & persistent effect in reducing blood pressure
- Invasive PV loop studies support the mechanism of action and demonstrate a favorable impact of AVIM therapy on cardiac hemodynamics, when pacing from traditional RV lead locations or left bundle branch area
- Data from the MODERATO I & II studies demonstrated a favorable efficacy and safety profile
- BACKBEAT global pivotal study is being conducted in collaboration with Medtronic, the global leader in cardiac pacing therapy

Moderator

David Hochman CEO, Chairman, Founder Orchestra BioMed

Darren Sherman COO, President, Founder Orchestra BioMed

Avi Fischer, M.D. SVP, Medical Affairs and Innovation Orchestra BioMed

David Kandzari, M.D. BACKBEAT Study Co-PI, Piedmont Heart Institute

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